

I Semester M.Com. Examination, January/February 2019 (CBCS)

antim eviswi an COMMERCE and anologop eexit you revand

Paper – 1.1 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

07: axis Max. Marks ? Explain the different type

(7x2=14) Bond market is the internal of SECTION - Ametric existing the internal of the interna

Answer any seven sub questions. Each sub question carries two marks.

- 1. a) What is convertibility?
 - b) What is meant by Index number?
 - c) What is fully bodied money?
 - d) How notes are issued under proportional reserve system?
 - e) What do you mean by Gresham's Law?
 - f) What does it mean to a peg a currency to dollar?
 - g) Define creeping inflation.
 - h) Differentiate between currency principle and banking principle.
 - i) What is euro-currency?
 - j) Who are the participants in the financial market?

SECTION - B

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

Answer any four questions. Each question carries five marks.

- 2. What do you mean by circular flow of money? Explain the circular flow of money in an economy.
- What are money market instruments? Explain.
- Distinguish between fixed and floating exchange rate system.
- 5. Explain balance of payments position of India.
- 6. Explain the elements of international financial system.
- Explain taxation base increase through service sector inclusion.

P.T.O.



2102 yesunde-Tyreuns SECTION - C 3 .mod.M referme2 (3×12=36)

Answer any three questions. Each question carries twelve marks.

- 8. Discuss the international monetary system.
- 9. What do you mean by Gold standard? Explain the different types of gold standards also write about their advantages and disadvantages.
- 10. "Euro-Bond market is the international market for borrowing capital". Explain.
- 11. Explain the impact of monetary policy on the economic growth of the country. Elaborate.
- 12. Explain the raising public expenditures of India and suggest measures for economic development.

What do you must by Gresham's Law



First Semester M.Com. Examination, January/February 2018 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper 1.1: Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instruction : Answer all Sections.

SECTION - A

7×2=14)

- 1. Answer any seven sub questions. Each sub question carries 2 marks.
 - a) What is Money?
 - b) Who are the Participants of International Financial Markets?
 - c) Define Hedging.
 - d) State two reasons for the depreciation of rupee.
 - e) What do you mean by Capital Account Convertibility?
 - f) What are the items to be included under Capital Account?
 - g) What do you mean by Wide Band in Exchange Rate System?
 - h) What do you mean by Target Zone Method used by Government?
 - i) What is Capital Flight?
 - j) What is ECB's?

SECTION-B

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

Answer any four questions; each question carries 5 marks:

- 2. "Money is a Good Servant, but a Bad Master" Comment.
- 3. Explain briefly the heads of accounts under which the BOP is maintained.
- 4. Critically evaluate the Irwing Fisher's Quantity Theory of Money.

PG - 734



- 5. Explain Bi-Metallion period in the evolution of International Monetary System.
- 6. Critically evaluate the Bretton Woods System.
- 7. Bring out the objectives of IMF.

SECTION - C

(3×12=36)

Answer any three questions; each question carries 12 marks:

- 8. What do you mean by the Circular Flow of Money? Explain the Circular Flow of Money in an Economy. Use diagram to illustrate your answer.
- 9. Explain how Keynes Restatement of Quantitative Theory of Money is different from Cambridge Approach.
- 10. Explain the various stages of Evolution of International Monetary Standard.
- 11. Explain in detail the principles and attributes of Note Issue.
- 12. "The Increasing Popularity of Bitcoin Platform is drawing the attention of Regulatory Authority, which plans to gain a hold over Virtual Currency". Elucidate.



I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2017 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.1: Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any seven sub-questions. Each sub-question carries 2 marks. (7×2=14)
 - a) What is Fiat Money?
 - b) What are ECBs?
 - c) Differentiate between Money and Near Money.
 - d) What do you mean by Multimetallism?
 - e) What is Proportional Reserve System of Note Issue?
 - f) What is Crawling Peg?
 - g) What do you mean by Wide Band in Exchange Rate System?
 - h) What do you mean by Target Zone Method used by Government?
 - i) What is Regulation "Q" in Euro Currency Market?
 - i) What is Reimbursement Credit?

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions, each question carries 5 marks:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. What is money? Trace the evolution of money.
- 3. Give the similarities and dissimilarities of the Quantity Theory of Money and Cambridge Cash Balance Theory.
- 4. State the differences between balance of trade and balance of payments.
- 5. Write a note on Reforms in Monetary Standards.
- 6. How did the Classical Gold Standard work in practice?
- 7. Distinguish between Devaluation and Depreciation of Currency.

P.T.O.



SECTION-C

Answer any three questions, each question carries 12 marks:

(3×12=36)

- 8. Critically examine the system of note issue in India.
- 9. What do you mean by the Circular Flow of Money? Explain the circular flow of money in an economy. Use diagram to illustrate your answer.
- 10. Write a note on Greece Debt Crisis. Suggest the suitable measures to overcome such financial crisis in future.
- 11. What do you mean by BOP? Explain the different kinds of disequilibrium in balance of payments.
- 12. "Demonetisation helps to restrain corruption in India". State your opinion on the move taken up by Central Government of India.



I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2016 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper – 1.1 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

venom to eulay to senoed ed as Max. Marks: 70

10. Explain the significance of BOP A-NOITOSS of balance of payment account.

- 1. Answer any seven sub-questions. Each sub-question carries two marks. (7x2=14)
 - a) What is Value of money?
 - b) What are SDRs?
 - c) What is currency appreciation? Give an example.
 - d) What do you mean by quantitative theory of money?
 - e) What is Forward contract?
 - f) What is gold standard system of exchange rate?
 - g) What is meant by Dirty float?
 - h) What do mean by Hedging in forward market?
 - i) What is capital account convertibility?
 - j) What is Official reserve transaction?

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Explain the role of money in a new economy.
- 3. Discuss the essentials of sound currency system.
- 4. How did the classical gold standard work in practice?
- 5. Distinguish between Devaluation and Depreciation of currency.
- 6. Explain the participants in the forward market for foreign exchange.
- 7. Explain the equilibrium in balance of payment.

P.T.O.



SECTION-C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

(3×12=36)

e) What is Forward contract?

- 8. Briefly discuss the theories of Value of money.
- 9. Discuss the system of issuing currency by RBI.
- 10. Explain the significance of BOPs and structure of balance of payment account.
- 11. Discuss the evolution of international monetary system.
- 12. Answer the following:
 - i) Euro bond market
 - ii) Exchange rate quotations in forex market.

a_vionnap

frameway.



I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2015 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.1 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any seven questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks. (7x2=14)
 - a) What is Current Account in International Trade?
 - b) What is Pegged Exchange Rate?
 - c) Define Monetary System.
 - d) What is Capital Flight ? It is loss a pleast of almomostered in east and a superior
 - e) What is Target-zone Agreement?
 - f) What is meant by Paper Gold?
 - g) What is Samurai Bond?
 - h) List the participants in International Financial Markets.
 - i) Write Indirect Quote of Foreign Exchange Rate.
 - j) State the difference between Devaluation and Depreciation in rectifying adverse BOPs.

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

- $(4 \times 5 = 20)$
- 2. Distinguish between fixed and floating exchange rate system.
- 3. State the reasons for collapse of Bretton Woods agreement.
- 4. Explain the elements of international financial system.



- 5. Briefly explain the Milton Friedman's restatement of the quantitative theory.
- 6. "Balance of Payment always balances". Comment.
- 7. Explain the principles of note issue.

SECTION-C

Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries 12 marks. $(3\times12=36)$

- 8. Critically evaluate international monetary system.
- Discuss the elements of international financial system and the role of financial markets in smooth functioning of international financial market.
- Critically evaluate paper currency standard and bring out the essential of sound currency system.

h) List the participants in International Financial M

- 11. Discuss the recent developments in foreign capital flows. IF Istigs O at fadW (b
- 12. Answer the following:
 - i) Quantitative theory of money
 - ii) Role of money in the New Economy.

I Semester M.Com. Examination, January 2015 (CBCS) Commerce Paper 1.2: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

8. Explain the different factors of int A - NOITOSC ness

- 1. Answer any seven questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks. (7×2=14)
 - a) Give the meaning of a global company. The meaning of a global company.
 - b) What do you mean by foreign exchange risk?
 - c) What do you mean by polycentric approach? Sollowing audiay and malgy as
 - d) Give the meaning of green field strategy.
 - e) What is vertical integration?
 - f) State the meaning of Euro currency market.
 - g) Define a letter of credit.
 - h) Give the meaning of Tariff barriers.
 - i) Who is an expatriate?
 - j) What do you mean by MFN treatment?

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Explain the peculiarities of global strategic management.
- 3. Explain the consequences of differences in accounting standards.
- 4. Bring out the reasons for globalization of production.

PG - 752



- 5. Explain the theory of absolute advantage.
- 6. Write a note on SAARC and its integration with other countries.
- 7. Discuss the implications of European Union on world trade.

SECTION-C

Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries twelve marks. (3x12=36)

- 8. Explain the different factors of international business.
- 9. Describe the factors influencing international logistic management.
- 10. Discuss the strategic role of international human resource management.
- 11. Explain the benefits and shortcomings of international strategic alliance.
- 12. Explain the various promotional strategies adopted by multinational companies.

SECTION - B

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2015 (CBCS) COMMERCE a profession certify was rev

Paper - 1.3 : Macro Economics for Business Decisions

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70 Explain the measures of control imposed by the RBI to regulate the monetary.

SECTION-A

- 1. Answer any seven of the following in 3 4 lines each. Each question carries 2 marks. $(7 \times 2 = 14)$
 - a) What is meant by Gross National Product?
 - b) State any four goals of economic system.
 - c) What is meant by Per Capita income?
 - d) What is Statutory Liquidity ratio?
 - e) What do you mean by disguised unemployment?
 - f) What is Recession?
 - g) What is Risk averse consumption?
 - h) What is incremental capital output ratio?
 - i) What is repo and reverse repo rate?
 - j) What is Marginal Efficiency of Capital?

SECTION - B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Discuss various factors affecting National Income.
- 3. Explain the Keynesian Consumption Function.
- 4. Enumerate the various tools of monetary policy.
- 5. Discuss the significance of economic policies.
- 6. Explain various resources of economic systems.
- 7. Explain in details the economic development in India.

P.T.O.



1 Semester M.Com 2 NOITSE MINABOR, January 2015

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

 $(3 \times 12 = 36)$

- 8. Define multiplier. Bring out the significance and limitations of multiplier.
- 9. Explain the measures of control imposed by the RBI to regulate the monetary system of India.
- 10. "Fiscal policy refers to the policy of the government regarding public revenue, public expenditure and public debt". Elucidate.
- 11. Explain in detail various problems of Economic Growth and Development of India.
- 12. "Free market economy enables better allocation of resources, promotes innovation and injects dynamism in the industry". Substantiate this statement highlighting the significance of free market economy.

cy of Capital ?

ach question carries 5 m

aungelan Cangungtion Eupption

soluilos nimanana la consultirinis Ad

Explain various resources of economic systems

h) What is incremental capital.

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2015 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.3 : Macro Economics for Business Decisions

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

SECTION-A

- Answer any seven of the following in 3 4 lines each. Each question carries
 marks. (7×2=14)
 - a) What is meant by Gross National Product?
 - b) State any four goals of economic system.
 - c) What is meant by Per Capita income?
 - d) What is Statutory Liquidity ratio?
 - e) What do you mean by disguised unemployment?
 - f) What is Recession?
 - g) What is Risk averse consumption?
 - h) What is incremental capital output ratio?
 - i) What is repo and reverse repo rate?
 - j) What is Marginal Efficiency of Capital?

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Discuss various factors affecting National Income.
- 3. Explain the Keynesian Consumption Function.
- 4. Enumerate the various tools of monetary policy.
- 5. Discuss the significance of economic policies.
- 6. Explain various resources of economic systems.
- 7. Explain in details the economic development in India.

P.T.O.



I Semester M.Com D-NOITDER Mination, January 2015

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

(3×12=36)

- 8. Define multiplier. Bring out the significance and limitations of multiplier.
- Explain the measures of control imposed by the RBI to regulate the monetary system of India.
- 10. "Fiscal policy refers to the policy of the government regarding public revenue, public expenditure and public debt". Elucidate.
- 11. Explain in detail various problems of Economic Growth and Development of India.
- 12. "Free market economy enables better allocation of resources, promotes innovation and injects dynamism in the industry". Substantiate this statement highlighting the significance of free market economy.

amonal landital antiquite states as a second

Explain the Keynesian Consumption Function

5. Discuss the significance of economic policies.

Explain various resources of economic systems.



I Semester M.Com. Examination, January 2015 (CBCS)

Commerce

Paper - 1.4: INFORMATION SYSTEM AND COMPUTERS

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Flow charts can be drawn. OFFE - THO setupset on the local terms of the loca

10. How come, multiple data files A-NOITJaced under DBMS ? Explain the

- 1. Answer any seven questions out of ten, each question carries two marks. (7x2=14)
 - a) Operating support system
 - b) Cloud computing NOB MAFIALAFI to legagdew a elsero xatava JMTH gnizU 21
 - c) Information Security and Management Standard (ISMS)
 - d) ISO 27001
 - e) Digital signature
 - f) Cyber frauds
 - g) Traditional file processing approach in DBMS.
 - h) DBMS model
 - i) Data validation
 - j) H look up.

SECTION-B

Answer **any four** questions out of **six**, **not** more than **two** pages. **Each** question carries **five** marks. (4x5=20)

- 2. What is Information System? And explain the role of IS in business.
- 3. Describe about Information Security and Management Standard (ISMS).
- 4. Write the salient features of IT Act 2008.
- 5. Write the process of designing custom screen display.
- 6. Write the process of generating Pie-chart by using Excel.
- 7. Explain the logical functions by using Ms-Excel.



1 Semester M. Con January 2015

Answer any three questions out of five, not less than 3 pages. Each question carries twelve marks. (3×12=36)

- 8, What is Systems Development Life Cycle (SDLC) and describe the types of SDLC.
- 9. Explain the features of IT GRC with suitable examples.
- How come, multiple data files can be created under DBMS? Explain the procedure.
- 11. Explain conditional formatting and descriptive statistics.
- 12. Using HTML syntax create a webpage for RAJARAM Book House.

TI MOTTO SO

ve marks.

3. Describe about Information Security and Management Standard (ISMS

Write the salient features of IT Act 2008.

Write the province of reporating Pio-chart by using Eyeal

7. Explain the logical functions by using Ms-Excel.



I Semester M.Com. Examination, January 2015 (CBCS) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.5 : Advanced Financial Management

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

SECTION - A manne outlay of Rs 55 000 and

Answer any seven sub questions. Each sub question carries 2 marks. (7×2=14)

- 1. a) What do you mean by Capital Budgeting?
- b) What do you mean by Sequential Investment Decision?
 - c) What is Absorption?
 - d) Define Derivatives.
 - e) Give the meaning of Utility Theory.
 - f) What is MIRR?
 - g) What is Sensitivity Analysis?
 - h) What is hedging?
 - i) How are future contracts priced? Solve to security settle sett
 - j) What is meant by risk-return tradeoff? I to level yield and metal (ii)

Max. Marks: 70



SECTION-B

Answer any four questions; each question carries 5 marks.

(4×5

- 2. Is the MM thesis realistic with respect to capital structure and the value of the firm ? If not, what are its main weakness ?
 - 3. Do you agree that an option is always more risky than the associated share with it? How does the risk of an option change when the share price changes?
 - 4. The Balance Sheet of Alpha Numeric company is given below:

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amou
Equity capital of Rs. 10 per s	hare 90,000	Net Fixed Assets	2,25,0
10% Long term debt	1,20,000	Current Assets	75,0
Retained Earnings	30,000		
Current liabilities	60,000		d) Define
Total	3,00,000	Total	3,00,0

The company's total assets turnover ratio is 3, its fixed operating cost is Rs. 1,50,000 and its variable operating cost ratio is 50%. The income tax rate is 50%.

You are required to:

- i) Calculate the different types of leverages for the company of each world (i
- ii) Determine the likely level of EBIT if the EPS is seen velocities and tead W (1)
 - a) Re. 1
- b) Rs. 2
- c) Rs. 0



5. XYZ expects a net operating income of Rs. 2,00,000. It has 8,00,000, 6% debentures. The overall capitalization rate is 10%. Calculate the value of the firm and the equity capitalization rate (Cost of Equity) according to the net operating income approach. If the debentures debt is increased to Rs. 10,00,000. What will be the effect on volume of the firm and the equity capitalization rate?

-3-

6. A company has under review a project involving the outlay of Rs. 55,000 and expected to yield the following cash flows in current terms.

Year	1	8.2	3	000,84
Cash Flows in (Rs.)	10,000	20,000	30,000	6,000

The company's cost of capital, incorporating a requirement for growth in dividends to keep peace with cost inflation is 20% and this is used for the purpose of investment appraisal. On the above basis, the divisional manager involved as recommended rejection of the proposal.

Having regard to your own forecast that the rate of inflation is likely to be 15% in year 1 and 10% in each of the following years, you are required to comment on his recommendation. (Discount factors @ 20% are. 0.833, 0.694, 0.579 and 0.482 respectively.)

7. Explain the difference between operating leverage and financial leverage.



SECTION-C

Answer any three questions; each question carries 12 marks.

(3×12=36)

8. Mr. Kumar in considering an investment proposal of Rs. 40,000. The expected returns during the left of the investment are as under:

Year - I

Event	Cash Inflow	Probabilit	y nivollo	
i)	16,000	0.3		
ii)	24,000	0.5		
ong te	20,000	0.2		The company's cost of

to keep peace with cost inflation is 20% and this is used for the II - rseYo of

Cash inflows in year 1 are: and alead evods and nO leadings themselved

Event	16,000		24,000	rif to noi	20,000	10081
	Cash Inflows (Rs.)	Prob.	Cash Inflows (Rs.)	Prob.	Cash Inflows (Rs.)	Prob.
(i) ₁₁₀	30,000	0.2	40,000	0.1	5,000	0.2
(ii)	40,000	0.6	60,000	0.8	8,000	0.5
(iii)	50,000	0.2	80,000	0.1	12,000	0.3

Using 10% as the cost of capital, advice about the acceptability of the proposal.



- 9. "Changes in capitalization may be sought as a means of easing tension and giving corporation a better opportunity to pursue its purpose." In the light of this statement, discuss various reasons for changes in capitalization.
- 10. A company is considering which of two mutually exclusive projects is should undertake. The finance director thinks that the project which had higher NPV should be chosen; where as the MD thinks that the one with the higher IRR should be undertaken especially for both projects have the same initial outlay and length of life. The company anticipates a cost of capital of 10% and the net after tax cash flows of the projects are as follows:

Year	Project X	Project Y		2
1	35,000	2,18,000		
2	80,000	10,000	220	
3	90,000	10,000		a
4 years	75,000	4,000		
5	20,000	3,000 регоет		

- a) Calculate NPV and IRR of each project.
 - b) State with reasons, which project you would recommend. Solution 1050
 - c) Explain the inconsistency in the ranking of the two projects.



- 11. Excellent Limited, acquiring company, is interested in the acquisition of Pathetic Limited, Target company. The management of Excellent Limited wants you to compute the maximum price it should be willing to pay to acquire Pathetic Limited as per adjusted present value approach. For the purpose you have been provided with the following data:
 - i) As a result of acquisition, it is expected that the FCFF of Excellent Limited are likely to increase as follows for 6 years

Year	Amount (Rs. in lakh	hobability any anticipa		
1	120 / 0101 80			
2	20.00150		X toejor9	
3	200			
4	vs in year 220	10.000		
5	16,000 140			
6	100			

- ii) The FCFF of Pathetic Limited is expected to be contact after 6 years.
- iii) Unlevered cost of equity is 15 percent.
- iv) 10% Debt (to the extent of Rs. 120 lakh) will finance part of acquisition cost.

 Debt will be reduced to Rs. 70 lakh at the end of year 6 by repaying Rs. 10 lakh at the end of each year, commencing from year 1. Debt level is expected to remain at that level thereafter.

.

- v) Corporate tax rate is 35 percent.
- vi) Advantage from debt is to be valued at cost of debt.
- viii) Bankruptcy costs are assumed to be zero.
- 12. Explain the following derivative instruments in brief:
 - i) Forward Contract
 - ii) Futures Contract
 - iii) Options
 - iv) Swaps.



I Semester M.Com. Examination, January 2015 (CBCS)

Commerce

Paper - 1.6: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

SECTION-A

Answer seven sub questions from the following. Each question carries two marks.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 1. a) Give the meaning of Human Resource Management.
 - b) What is Human Resource Planning?
 - c) What is Human Resource Audit?
 - d) Define Job Enrichment.
 - e) What is Merit Rating?
 - f) What is Vestibule training?
 - g) What do you mean by employee welfare?
 - h) What are ethics in HRM?
 - i) Outline any four major trade union in India.
 - j) What is Job enlargement?

SECTION-B

Answer any four questions from the following. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Outline the functions of HRM.
- 3. Explain the purpose of Human Resource Audit.
- 4. Discuss the need for abating industrial accidents.
- 5. Give a brief note on Job analysis and design.
- Explain the need for industrial safety.
- 7. How do you control workplace harassment?



2102 Yabunat .not SECTION-COO.M reference !

Answer any three questions from the following. Each question carries twelve marks. (3×12=36)

- 8.. Define Recruitment. Explain the nature and process of international Recruitment.
- 9. Outline the ethical and social issues in Human Resource Management.
- 10. What are industrial disputes? Explain the causes for industrial disputes and the ways of resolving them.
- 11. Explain the principles and techniques of employee compensation.
- 12. "To manage a business is to manage its future and to manage future is to Manage information". In this context explain the role of Human Resource manager in Human Resource Empowerment.

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January 2015 (CBCS Scheme) COMMERCE

1.7 : S.C : Soft Core : Communication Skills

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Answer all Sections.

SECTION-A

Answer any seven of the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $7 \times 2 = 14$

- 1. a) Define 'Communication'.
 - b) Define emotional intelligence.
 - c) What is oral communication?
 - d) List four requisites of good communication.
 - e) What is perception?
 - f) What is interpersonal communication?
 - g) What is cognition?
 - h) What is conflict?
 - i) Define 'negotiation'.
 - j) Define 'stereotyping'.

SECTION-B

Answer any four of the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Explain in brief seven C's of communication.
- 3. Write a note on creativity in oral communication. Explain in brief the advantages of video conferencing.
- 4. What is team work? Explain the role of efficient team.

PG - 757



- 5. Explain listening barriers. How to overcome these barriers?
- 6. What is e-mail? What are the essentials of e-mail messages?
- 7. Explain the importance of listening skills.

SECTION - C

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 12 marks.

(12×3=36)

- 8. Why communication is essential in organisation? Explain in detail communication network of the organisation with appropriate examples.
- Explain the advantages of video conferencing mobile phones and facsimile machines.
 - 10. a) Write sample resume format.
 - b) Draft a office circular informing that working hours are rescheduled from 9.30 am to 4.30 pm to facilitate the staff to reach the institution in time.
 - 11. Define 'active listening'. Explain in detail guidelines for effective listening.
 - 12. What is interpersonal communication? Explain the barriers of interpersonal communication.

SECTION-B

met seven C's of communication.

эт уідев солтегелсінд.



I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2014 (N.S.) (2007-08 Scheme)

Paper - 1.2 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION-A

- Answer any ten of the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries two marks.
 - a) What is SDR?
 - b) What is near money?
 - c) What do you understand by Gresham's Law?
 - d) What do you mean by international liquidity?
 - e) Give the meaning of capital account convertibility.
 - f) What is settlement price?
 - g) Give the meaning of Gold Bullion Standard.
 - h) Differentiate Inflation and Deflation.
 - i) Who is the present RBI Governor and Minister of External Affairs of India?
 - j) What do you mean by Fiat Money?
 - k) What are the institutions started under Bretton Wood Agreement?
 - I) Define EURO currency market.

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions in this Section. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 2. EURO Bond market is the international market for borrowing capital. Explain.
- 3. Briefly explain the methods of making foreign payments.
- 4. What is meant by Bimetallism? What are its advantages?
- 5. Bring out the nature and uses of SDRs.
- 6. Differentiate Balance of Payments and Balance of Trade.



SECTION-C

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- What is Gold Standard? Explain the different types of Gold Standards. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of each gold standards.
- 8. Write a brief note on following:
 - a) Macro economic variables affecting the money supply.5b) Bretton Woods System.
 - c) Functions of money.
- 9. What do you mean by circular flow of money? Explain the circular flow of money in any economy. Use diagram to illustrate your answer.
- 10. Explain in detail the concept of disequilibrium in the balance of payment. How it arise? What are the methods available to restore such disequilibrium?
- 11. Explain the recent developments in Forex Markets.

and the second second

EURO Bond market is the international market for borrowing or

What is meant by Bimetallism? What are its advantages?

d) Give the meaning of Gold Bulli

. Per motion Balance of Payments and Balance of Trade.



I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, February 2013 (Semester Scheme) (2007-08 Scheme) (NS) COMMERCE

1.2 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

pniwoliol entimol Max. Marks: 80

SECTION-A

1. Answer any ten of the following.

(2×10=20)

- a) What is Fiat Money? And along the advantages and disadvalues of palaceters and along the second and along the s
- b) Who is the RBI Governor? A spring of the spring of the spring of the spring of the recent developments for floating of the spring of the sp
- c) What is an Exchange Rate? One in England in the major and in Exchange Rate?
- d) What is Swaps?
- e) What is Flexible Exchange Rate?/
- f) What is Euro Bond?
- g) Define Derivative.
- h) What is Initial Margin?
- i) Name 2 participants in Financial Markets.
- j) Define CPI.
- k) What is Settlement Price?
- I) What is Balance of Payment?

SECTION-B

Answer any three questions.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 2. Explain the qualities of Good Monetary Standard.
- 3. Explain the macro economic variables affecting the money supply.

PG - 832



- 4. Differentiate between Forward and Future markets.
- 5. Explain the structures of Foreign Exchange Market.
- 6. Explain the factors affecting the deficit Balance of Trade.

SECTION-C

Answer any three from the following.

(3×15=45)

- 7. Explain the relation between money supply and inflation.
- 8. How is Friedman's restatement of quantity theory different from Keynes theory of money?
- 9. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of paper currency standard.
- 10. Explain the recent developments for floating exchange rate. ISE and all orlW (d
- 11. Explain the recent developments in Foreign Capital flows.

SECTION-E

PG - 759

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, February 2012 (N.S. (2007-08) Scheme) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.2 : Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION-A

Answer any ten of the following sub-questions in about 3-4 lines each. Each sub-question carries 2 marks. (2×10=20)

- 1. a) Define value of money.
 - b) What do you mean by international liquidity?
 - c) What is devaluation?
 - d) What is meant by forex market?
 - e) What do you understand by precautionary motive?
 - f) Define Euro currency market.
 - g) Differentiate between currency principle and banking principle.
 - h) Give the meaning of flexible exchange rates.
 - i) Who are the participants in financial markets?
 - j) What is meant by current account convertibility?
 - k) Define inflation.
- I) Give the meaning of gold bullion standard.

SECTION-B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 2. Explain the functions of money.
- 3. What are the merits and demerits of a paper currency system?
- 4. Discuss in detail Bretten Wood system.
- 5. Briefly explain the various money market instruments.
- 6. Explain circular flow of money in the economy.

P.T.O.

SECTION-C

Answer any three from the following questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

5.4

- 7. Explain the relationship between prices, employment and the quantity of money Under what circumstances will prices rise equi-proportionately to increase the quantity of money?
- 8. What do you mean by gold standard? Explain the different types of gold standards also write about their advantages and disadvantages.
- 9. What do you understand by 'fundamental disequilibrium in the balance of payments'?
 What remedies would you suggest to correct it?
- Critically examine the salient features of the Indian money market. Write a note or the defects in Indian money market.
- 11. Explain the recent development in forex markets.

Time:

1. Ar

al

0)

c)d)

e)

f) g)

h) '

1) 1

1) 1

1) V

Answer:

2. Expla

3. 'Ever



5=15)

Э.

n

45)

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, February/March 2011 (2007-08 Scheme) (N.S.) COMMERCE

1.2: Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any ten sub-questions from this Section. Each sub-question carries two marks. (2×10=20)
 - a) What is meant by near money?
 - b) How do credit money is created?
 - c) What is meant by monetary standard?
 - d) What do you understand by Gresham's Law?
 - e) How notes are issued under Fixed Fiduciary System?
 - f) State two assumptions of Fisher's Quantity Theory of money.
 - g) What do you mean by Balance Payment?
 - h) What are the items to be included under Capital Account?
 - i) Define the term Devaluation.
 - j) What are the institutions started under Bretton Wood Agreement?
 - k) What do you mean by forward market?
 - 1) Define Hedging.

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions from this Section. Each question carries five marks. $(5\times3=1)$

- 2. What is meant by Bimetallism? What are its advantages?
- 3. Give your arguments for and against a system of fixed exchange rates.
- 4. Write a note on Euro bond market.
- 5. Differentiate between devaluation and depreciation of money.
- 6. Bring out the nature and uses of SDRs by the member countries of the IMF.

SECTION - C

Answer any three questions from this Section. Each question carries 15 marks.

(15 \times 3=45

- 7. Critically examine the role of money in different economies.
- 8. What do you mean by circular flow of money? Explain the circular flow of money in an economy. Use diagrams to illustrate your answer.
- 9. Compare and contrast the transactions approach and cash balances approach of theory of money.
- 10. Explain the concept of disequilibrium in the balance of payment. How does arise? What are the methods available to restore equilibrium?
- 11. What is paper currency standard? Bring out its merits and demerits.

I Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, February 2010 (N.S.) (2007-08 Scheme) COMMERCE

Paper - 1.2: Monetary System

Time: 3 Hours

2 marks.

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION – A. 1. Answer any ten of the following sub-questions. Each question carries

- 15=45
- a) Define the term 'money'.

age'

b) What are the primary functions of money?

you

cator.

d) What is near money?

c) What is mono metallism?

- e) What is SDR?
- f) State about maximum fiduciary system.
- g) What is meant by monetary standard?
- h) What is meant by balance of payment?
- i) What is Devaluation?
- j) What is a Euro Bond?
- k) What is meant by current account convertibility?
- l) What is meant by forex market?

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions from this Section. Each question carries 5 marks. $(5\times3=15)$

- 2. Briefly explain the functions of money.
- B. Explain the types of monetary standards.
- . Explain briefly the heads of accounts under which the BOP is maintained.
 - Bring out the objectives of International Monetary fund.
- . Describe the methods of making foreign payments.

P.T.O.

SECTION - C Answer any three questions from the following. Each question carries 15 marks. $(15 \times 3 = 4)$ 7. Explain in detail the causes of disequilibrium in the Balance of Payment. What measures to be taken to rectify them? Time 8. Explain the functions, borrowing and landing activities of IBRD. How far has it been successful in achieving them? 9. What do you mean by the circular flow of money? Explain the circular flow of money in an economy. Use diagram to illustrate your answer. Ansv 10. What is paper currency standard? Discuss the standard system of note issue. (a) Which is the present system of note issue in India? 6) 11. Explain how cash balance approach is superior to cash transaction approach. c) Critically evaluate. d) e) f) 1 g) \ i) V) N k) W 1) Do

rst Semester M.Com. Degree Examination, January/February 2009 (2007-08 Scheme) (N.S.) COMMERCE

1.2 : Monetary System

Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

or any ten of the following sub-questions in about 3-4 lines each. Each testions carries 2 marks. (2×10=20)

What is devaluation?

What is forex market?

What is B.O.P.?

Define value of money?

Who are the dealers in foreign currency market?

What are Index numbers?

What do you mean by capital account convertability

What is S.D.R.?

What are future markets?

What do you mean by International liquidity?

Define flexible exchange rate.

What is Fiat money?

SECTION - B

er any three from the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

plain recent structural changes in the IMF.

at are the money market instruments? Explain.

pro-Bond market is the International market for borrowing capital". Explain.

cidate Bretton Woods system.

fine money and explain its functions.

SECTION - C

Answer any three from the following in about a page each. Each question carries

[15] marks.

[15] Typicin the letter of the following in about a page each. Each question carries (15×3=45)

- 7. Explain the International monitary reforms.
- 8. Explain various theories of value of money.
- Explain the system of note issue highlighting the principles of note issue.
- O. Comment on the recent financial crisis in the stock market and its implications on the foreign institutional investors.
 - Explain the recent developments in foreign capital flows.